

Turbine Helicopter Kit

MA1035-1 / -2



Step up to excellence with X-Cell



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Version 0.8 - Draft 11/2021

For updates to this manual, or any other Miniature Aircraft manual, go to www.miniatureaircraftusa.com.



Kit Introduction

Thank you for purchasing the X-Cell Whiplash Turbine by Miniature Aircraft. This model is the culmination of years of designing and manufacturing R/C helicopters. It is designed with the highest standards, and will provide years of enjoyment. Whether this is your first R/C model helicopter or you are an advanced R/C helicopter modeler, the X-Cell Whiplash is a fantastic choice for a "700 size" turbine powered model.

R/C Helicopter Safety

A radio controlled model helicopter is not a toy, but rather a technically complex device that must be built and operated with care. It is also a fascinating and challenging part of the R/C sport, the mastery of which is very rewarding. A model helicopter must be built exactly in accordance with the building instructions. The kit manufacturer has spent much time and effort refining this product to make it reliable in operation and easy to build. The bolt together construction can proceed quite rapidly. This give the builder a strong sense of accomplishment that encourages hasty progress from one construction phase to the next, so that the completed model can be more quickly seen and enjoyed. It is essential to recognize and guard against this tendency. Follow building instructions exactly. Vibration and stress levels are high and all fasteners and attachments must be secure for safe operation.

Note that this is the first use of the word SAFETY in these comments. Previously the kit manufacturer's efforts to ensure reliable operation were mentioned. That is ALL that he can do. Safe operation is the responsibility of the builder/flyer and starts with careful construction and continues with selection and installation of reliable radio equipment and power systems.

The need for safety is nowhere greater than at the flying field. A number of guidelines for safe flight have been developed by experienced flyers and are set down here. It is urged that they be read, understood and followed. Always have a ready to use CO2 fire-extinguisher (at least 2kg of CO2) next to the place where you start the Whiplash turbine engine.

Warning! - Risk of death or serious injury

Remote Control ("R/C") Helicopters can be dangerous. Inexperienced pilots of R/C Helicopters should be trained and supervised by experienced operators. All operators should use safety glasses and other appropriate safety equipment. All operators should exercise necessary precautions when fueling, repairing, maintaining, flying and storing R/C Helicopters, and when using or storing R/C Helicopter accessories, equipment, fuels, and related materials. R/C Helicopters should be used only in open areas free of obstacles and far enough from people to minimize the possibility of injury from the helicopter or any of its components falling or flying in unexpected directions.

This helicopter is not a toy but a complex flying machine that must be assembled with care by a responsible individual. Failure to exert care in assembly, or radio or accessory installation, may result in a model incapable of safe flight or ground operation. Rotating components are an ever present danger and source of injury to operators and spectators. Since the manufacturer and his agents have no control over the proper assembly and operation of his products, no responsibility or liability can be assumed for their use.

General Guidelines for Safe R/C Helicopter Flight

- Fly only at approved flying fields and obey field regulations. Fly only if there are other people at the field.
- Follow frequency control procedures. Interference can be dangerous to all.
- Know your radio. Check all transmitter functions before each flight.
- Be aware that rotating blades are very dangerous and can cause serious injury.
- Never fly near or above spectators or other modelers.
- If you're a beginner, get help trimming the model first and seek flight training later.
- Don't "track" the main blades by holding the tail boom. This is a temptation to builders who cannot hover yet and is very dangerous.



Academy of Model Aeronautics

Miniature Aircraft highly recommends joining the Academy of Model Aeronautics (AMA).

- AMA is the Academy of Model Aeronautics.
- AMA is the world's largest model aviation association, representing a membership of more than 195,000 from every walk of life, income level and age group.
- AMA is a self-supporting, non-profit organization whose purpose is to promote development of model aviation as a recognized sport and worthwhile recreation activity.
- AMA is an organization open to anyone interested in model aviation.
- AMA is the official national body for model aviation in the United States. AMA sanctions more than one thousand model competitions throughout the country each year and certifies official model flying records on a national and international level.
- AMA is the organizer of the annual National Aeromodeling Championships, the world's largest model airplane competition.
- AMA is the chartering organization for more than 2,500 model airplane clubs across the country. AMA offers its chartered clubs official contest sanction, insurance, and assistance in getting and keeping flying sites.
- AMA is the voice of its membership, providing liaison with the Federal Aviation Administration, the Federal Communications Commission, and other government agencies through our national headquarters in Muncie, Indiana. AMA also works with local governments, zoning boards, and parks departments to promote the interests of local chartered clubs.
- AMA is an associate member of the National Aeronautic Association. Through NAA, AMA is recognized by the Fédération Aéronautique Internationale (FAI), the world governing body of all aviation activity, as the only organization which may direct U.S. participation in international aeromodeling activities.

For more detailed information, contact the Academy of Model Aeronautics 5161 E. Memorial Drive, Muncie, Indiana, 47302 or telephone (800) 435-9262. You may also visit the AMA website at www.modelaircraft.org



Your Whiplash kit will require a number of different supplies and tools to ensure the best final result. They are as follows:

Required Lubricants and Compounds:

- 1. Medium Strength Thread Locking Compound Loctite Blue #243 (MA3200-20)
- 2. Synthetic Grease (MA3200-06)
- 3. Retaining Compound Loctite Green #648 (MA3200-22)

Required Tools:

- 1. M4 Nut Driver
- 2. M5 Nut Driver
- 3. M5.5 Nut Driver
- 4. M7 Nut Driver
- 5. 1.5mm Allen Driver
- 6. 2.0mm Allen Driver
- 7. 2.5mm Allen Driver
- 8. 3.0mm Allen Driver
- 9. 4.0mm Allen Driver x2
- 10. 5.0mm Allen Driver
- 11. Needle Nose Pliers
- 12. Phillips Screwdriver
- 13. Razor Knife (X-acto)
- 14. 2x Ratchet & Socket M10, M13
- 15 Dail Gauge resolution of 0.01mm / 0.0004" or better

Other required components:

The X-Cell Whiplash is an airframe kit. To complete the model, several other items are required, but not included with the kit. There are many choices for these other required components, and any competent hobby retailer with R/C helicopter experience will be happy to make suggestions. You will need:

- 1. Engine: Turbine Solutions 45i Whiplash Edition or Wren 44i.
- 2. Cyclic servos (Miniature Aircraft recommends high quality digital cyclic servos with no less than 80 oz. in. of torque.)
- 3. R/C helicopter flybarless system
- 4. Rudder servo suitable for use with the gyro you choose. Digital servo is recommended.
- 5. R/C helicopter transmitter and receiver with at least 8 channels, telemetry capabilities are recomm.
- 6. 700-720mm Main Blades and 105-115mm Tail Blades.
- 8. R/C helicopter fueling equipment.
- 9. R/C helicopter engine governor (Futaba GV-1, GY701, CGY 760 or 750) are recommended.
- 10. CO2 fire-extinguisher for operating the turbine engine

Important Assembly Tips - PLEASE READ

- Follow the instructions. The methods of construction documented in this manual have been proven to work. Do not rush the build of your model! You have purchased a world class model helicopter kit, take your time and realize that the final result is now up to you. Take the time to fully understand each step and if you are unsure please contact Miniature Aircraft, or a representative.
- Follow the order of assembly. The instructions have been organized into major sections and have been written in such a way that each step builds upon the work done in the previous step. Changing the order of assembly may result in unnecessary steps.
- Be sure not to overtighten bolts as damage to bearings and other components will occur.
- It is very important to lightly sand the edges of all carbon fiber pieces. Miniature Aircraft recommends doing so prior to the assembly process. Carbon fiber edges can be sharp and can easily cut component wires and battery mounting straps. It is important to use safety precautions when creating carbon fiber dust. The use of a particulate mask, preferably one with a P100 HEPA filter is recommended. Always clean up carbon fiber dust with a damp rag right away.
- Use thread lock as indicated. Generally any bolt or screw that threads into a metal part requires thread lock. Model helicopters are subject to vibration and failing to use thread lock on any non-locking assembly may result in a part becoming loose or falling off in flight.

Kit Contents

Please take some time to familiarize yourself with the contents of the kit. The Whiplash kit has been broken down into three "bags." Each bag contains parts and hardware. The hardware in each bag will be used only for that bag. There will be no left over parts after each bag is assembled. *The individual parts of the factory assembled parts are not listed out here. They can be found in the components section of the manual.*

Bag 1 - Whiplash Rotor Head FBL

Bag	Part No.	Part Description	Qty	Bag	Part No.	Part Description	Qty
1-A	0217	Swashplate - Factory	1	1-C	131-161	Main Blade Grip - Factory	2
1-Hardware	0051	M3x3 Set Screw	2	1-C	131-163	FBL Pitch Arm	2
1-Hardware	0107	M3x6 Threaded Steel Ball	3	1-C	131-187	Head Axle	1
1-Hardware	0109	M3x8 Threaded Steel Ball	4	1-Hardware	0107	M3x6 Threaded Steel Ball	2
1-Hardware	131-83	Anti-rotation Pin	1	1-Hardware	0061	M3x8 Socket Bolt	4
				1-Hardware	0086-1	M5x16 Flanged Socket Bolt	2
1-B	0869	Washout Link	2	1-Hardware	120-7-1	5x15 Safety Washer	2
1-B	128-176	Washout Pin	2	1-Hardware	131-183	Washer	2
1-B	128-195	Head Button	1				
1-B	128-314	Swashplate Follower - Factory	2	1-D	0133-1	M3x21.5 Ball Link	10
1-B	131-368	FBL Head Block	1	1-D	121-4	Servo To Swash Linkage Rod	3
1-Hardware	0067	M3x14 Socket Bolt	1	1-D	121-7	Swash To PA Linkage Rod	2
1-Hardware	0071	M3x18 Button Head Socket Bolt	2	1-D	131-408	FBL Main Shaft	1
				1-Hardware	0021	M4 Lock Nut	1
				1-Hardware	0023	M5 Nut	2
				1-Hardware	0063	M3x10 Socket Bolt	2
				1-Hardware	0082-4	M5x32 Shouldered Socket Bolt	2
				1-Hardware	131-200	M4x33 Shouldered Socket Bolt	1

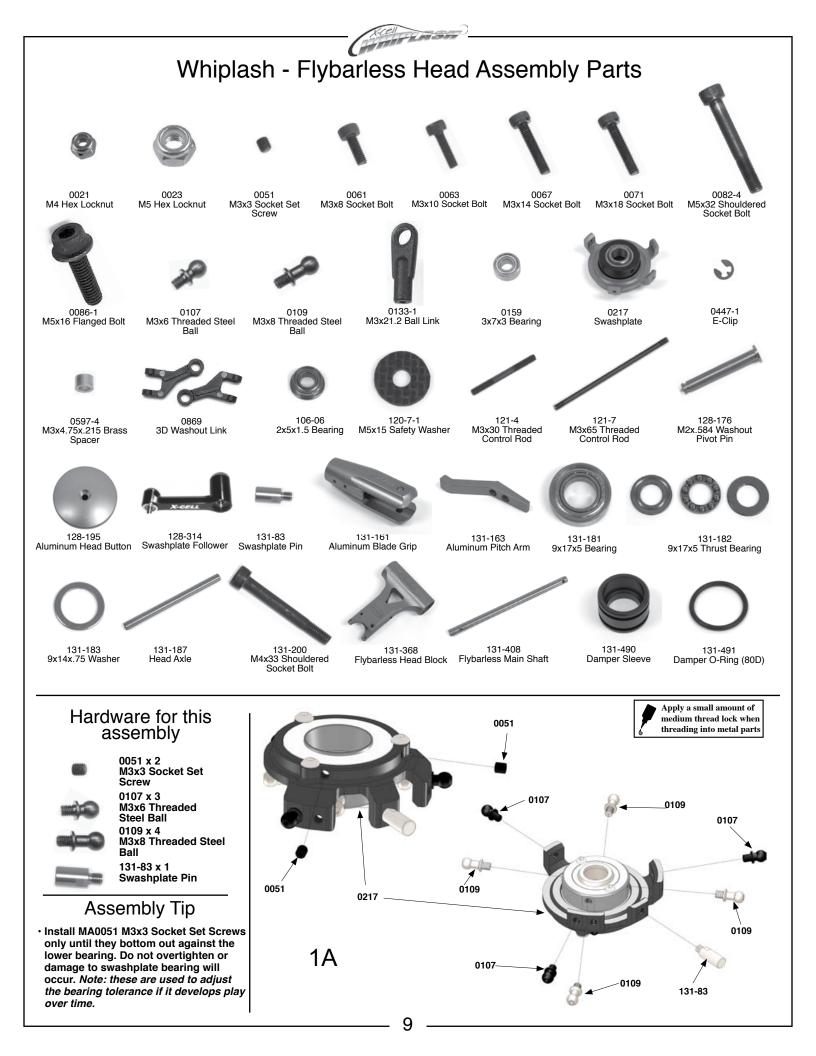
Bag 2 - Whiplash Tail Assembly

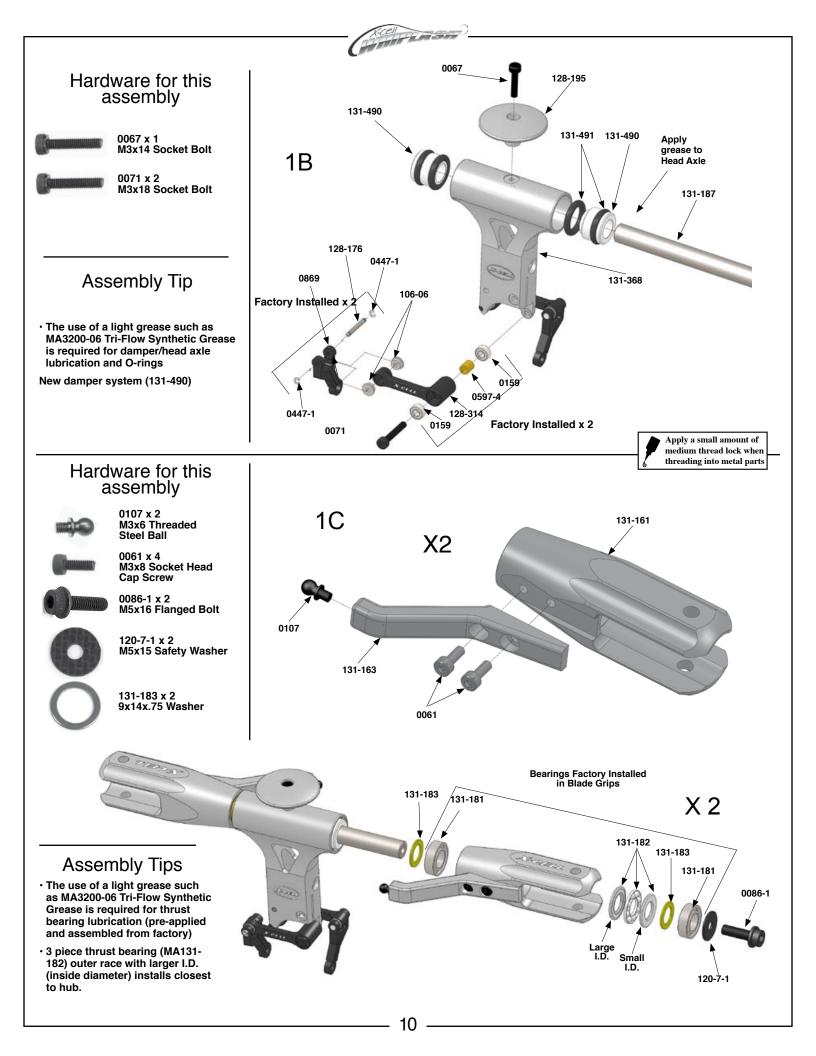
Bag	Part No.	Part Description	Qty	Bag	Part No.	Part Description	Qty
2-A-1	131-475	T/R Pitch Slider Assembly - Factory	1	2-B-2	133-458	TT	1
				2-B-2	131-62	Tail Boom	1
2-A-2	131-129	Tail Box Assembly - Factory	1	2-B-2	135-472	T/R Control Rod	1
				2-B-2	131-86	Tail Boom Support C/F Rod Assemly	2
2-A-3	131-130-	B Tail Pitch Control Bellcrank	1				
2-A-3	131-131	C/F Bellcrank Bracket	1	2-B-3	0133-1	M3x21.5 Ball Link	2
2-Hardware	0019	M3 Lock Nut	1	2-B-3	0868-41	Control Rod Support	2
2-Hardware	0064-3	M3x6 Button Head Socket Bolt	2	2-B-3	128-80	Aluminum Front Boom Clamp	2
2-Hardware	0073	M3x20 Socket Bolt	1	2-B-3	128-444	T/R Control Rod Guide	2
2-Hardware	0107	M3x6 Threaded Steel Ball	1	2-B-3	128-149a	Upper Rear Boom Support Mount	1
				2-B-3	128-149b	Lower Rear Boom Support Mount	1
2-A-4	131-64	T/R Hub	1	2-B-3	128-400	Push Rod End	2
2-A-4	131-112	T/R Blade Grip - Factory	2 2 2	2-B-3	135-128	C/F Boom Clamp Plate	1
2-Hardware	0009	M3 Washer	2	2-Hardware	0016-2	4mm External Serrated Lockwasher	2
2-Hardware	0019	M3 Lock Nut	2	2-Hardware	0032	2.9 Philipps Tapping Screw	2
2-Hardware	0056	M3x5 Dog-Point Set Screw M3x8 Socket Bolt	2	2-Hardware	0053-5	M3x16 Socket Screw	2
2-Hardware	0061 0071		2 2 2	2-Hardware	0060-1	M3x6 Socket Bolt	4
2-Hardware		M3x18 Socket Bolt	2	2-Hardware	0063	M3x10 Socket Bolt	2
2-Hardware	0107	M3x6 Threaded Steel Ball	2	2-Hardware	0065	M3x12 Socket Bolt	3
0.0.1	101 100		0	2-Hardware	0067	M3x14 Socket Bol	2
2-B-1	131-400	TT Ends	2 3	2-Hardware	0078	M4x12 Socket Bolt	2
2-B-1	131-480	TT Bearing Cup					
2-B-1	131-481	TT Bearing Cup O-Ring	6	2-B-4	133-60	C/F Vertical Tail Fin	1
2-B-1	131-482	TT Sleeve	3				-
2-B-1	131-485	TT Bearing	3				
2-Hardware	0015	2mm Hex Nut	2				
2-Hardware	0049-1	M2x12 Socket Bolt	2				

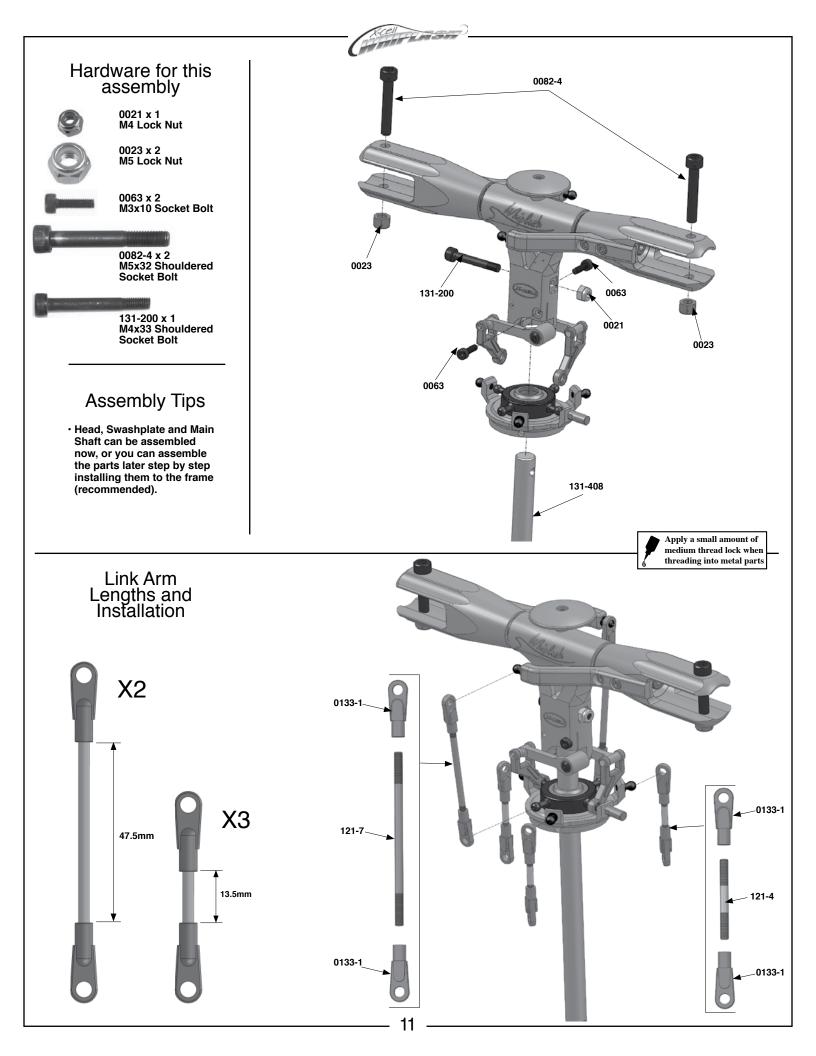


Bag 3 - Turbine Frame Assembly

B-A B-A	128-57						
3-A		3mm Tray Mount	6	3-D	128-57	Spacer	1
	131-52	Delrin Tray Mount	2	3-D	128-58	Spacer	1
3-A	131-53	C/F Gyro Plate	2	3-D		C/F Spacer	1
-A	135-55	C/F Angled Battery Tray	1	3-D	131-454		2
-A	135-57	Spacer	i	3-D	135-58	Spacer	1
-A	135-383	Hopper Support 1	1	3-D		White Strut II	1
-A	135-492	Hopper Support 2	1	3-D		White Strut II	i
B-Hardware			4	3-D 3-D		C/F Strut Spacer	1
-Hardware	0032-2	M3x8 Tapping Screw	4 14	3-D		Lower Main Frame	2
	0000-2	M3x6 Tapered Socket Bolt	14	3-D 3-D		C/F Frame Spacer R + L	2 2 2
Framaa	105 407	C/E Loft Frame Turbing	4	3-D 3-D	135-491	C/F Washer	2
-Frames	135-487	C/F Left Frame - Turbine	1	3-D 3-D		Tuf-Strut II End Cap White	4
-Frames	135-488	C/F Right Frame - Turbine	1	3-Hardware	2000-09	3mm Washer	4
-Frames	135-115	C/F Bottom Plate	1				
		A	10	3-Hardware	0058-1	M4x6 Socket Screw	4
-Hardware		4mm Washer	10	3-Hardware	0064-3	M3x6 Button Head	6
-Hardware	0032	2.9x9.5 Tapping Screw	4	3-Hardware	0073	M3x20 Socket Bolt	4
-Hardware		M3x6 Socket Bolt	40	3-Hardware	0078-5	M4x10 Socket Bolt	4
-Hardware		M3x8 Socket Bolt	40				-
-Hardware	0063	M3x10 Socket Bolt	6	3-E	0875-1	10mm Split Main Shaft Collar	2
-Hardware	0078-4	M4x8 Socket Bolt	6	3-E	131-424	Main Gear Hub	1
Hardware	2700-01	3mm Blue Washer	35	3-E	131-440	Lower Main Bearing Block	1
				3-E	131-466	Auto Hub	1
-B	128-58	Frame Spacer	6	3-E		Gear Support	1
·B	128-90	Tank Plate Mounting Stud	4	3-E	131-470	70T Machined Crown Gear	1
-B	131-46	P/A Servo Rail	2	3-E	132-117-B	124T Main Gear	1
-B	131-47	C/F Servo Rail Spacer, optional	2	3-Hardware	0021	4mm Lock Nut	1
-B	131-186	C/F Anti-rotation Bracket	1	3-Hardware	0059-2	M2.5x8 Socket Bolt	2
-B	131-420	Mid Main Bearing Block	1	3-Hardware	0088	M3x8 Tapered Socket Bolt	13
-B	131-421	Upper Main Bearing Block	1	3-Hardware	0620-01	15x21x.10 Shim Washer	1
-B	134-104	T/R Drive Support	2	3-Hardware	0620-02		1
-В	135-100	Engine Mount	1	3-Hardware	0620-02	15x21x.30 Shim Washer	2
-в				3-Hardware	131-202	Jesus Bolt OWB V2	1
-D	135-107	Rear Doubler	2	3-Haluwale	131-202	Jesus Doil OVAD V2	I
B-B	135-125	Front Canopy Spacer	2	3-E-1	106-22	Rubbar Canany Crammat	4
3-В	135-429	C/F X-Brace	1			Rubber Canopy Grommet	4
-Hardware	0060-1	M3x6 Socket Bolt	4	3-E-1	120-99	Canopy Knobs	2
-Hardware	0063	M3x10 Socket Bolt	4	3-E-1	128-59	M4 Front Boom Support Brace	1
-Hardware	0065	M3x12 Socket Bolt	4	3-E-1	131-153	C/F Canopy Breakaway Tabs	4
				3-E-1	131-451	Rear Canopy Post	2 2
-C	0215	6mm Retaining Collar	1	3-E-1	131-452	Canopy Post Splint	2
-C	127-86	Washer	2	3-E-1	135-127	Boom Support Spacer	2
-C	131-3	Start Shaft w/Sleeve	1	3-Hardware	0016-2	M4 External Serrated Lock Washer	2
-C	131-117	Fan Hub	1	3-Hardware	0015	2mm Hex Nut	1
-C	131-118	Shim Washer	1	3-Hardware	0081	M4x16 Socket Bolt	2
-C	131-119	Clutch	1	3-Hardware	0103	2mm Threaded Steel Ball	1
-Č	131-120	Fan	1				
-Č	131-179	X-Block	1	3-F	3400-38	Fuel Line 9.5 cm	1
-Č	131-411	Assembled Clutch Bell	1	3-F	125-24	Fuel Filtered Pick-Up Magnet	1
.C	135-101	Engine Support	4	3-F	128-92	Fuel Tank Plug	1
-Č	135-103	Spacer	2	3-F	128-94	Fuel Nipple	1
-C	135-124	Turbine Mount	1	3-F	131-138	Fuel Tank	1
-O -Hardware	0009	3mm Washer	4	3-F	131-144	Rubber Fuel Tank Mount	4
	0009	M3x3 Socket Set Screw		3-F	131-145	Tank Mounting Studs	2
Hardware			2	3-F	131-146	C/F Fuel Tank Plate	2
-Hardware	0064-3	M3x6 Button Head Socket	4				2
-Hardware	0065	M3x12 Socket Bolt	2	3-F	135-133	Fanshroud R + L	2
-Hardware		M3x16 Socket Bolt	4	3-Hardware	0011-5	Washer	1
-Hardware		M4x8 Socket Bolt	2	3-Hardware	0014F	5mm Hex Nut - Fine Threaded	1
ensor Mour				3-Hardware	0060-1	M3x6 Socket Bolt	4
-Hardware		2mm Washer	4	3-Hardware	0061	M3x8 Socket Bolt	2
-Hardware		4mm Safety Washer	4	3-Hardware	0065	M3x12 Socket Bolt	4
-Hardware	0018	2mm Lock Nut	2				
-Hardware	0049	M2x10 Socket Bolt	2	3-G	0390	Wire Retainers	5
-Hardware	0080	M4x14 Socket Bolt	2	3-G	3200-30	20" Spiral Band for Wire and Cable	1
-Hardware	0081	M4x16 Socket Bolt	2	3-G	3200-46	1/2" Hook and Loop Tape	1
				3-G	3200-48	20" 3/4 Hook and Loop Tape	1
-S	0818-3	Mounting Block	2	3-G	3200-54		1
-S	131-50	Elevator Servo Mount	2	00	5200 54		
·S	131-148	C/F Servo Plates	14	DOY	105 050	Whisloch Construct Touting	
-S -Hardware		2.5mm Hex Nut	5	BOX	135-252	Whiplash Canopy - Turbine	1
				BOX	135-106	Hopper Tank	1
-Hardware		M2.5x6 Socket Bolt	4	BOX	133-144	Skids	1
	0059-4	M2.5x12 Socket bolt	16	BOX	3000-73	MA Towel	1
S-Hardware		M2.5x20 Socket Bolt	4	DOX	000070		









131-480 Torque Tube Bearing Torque Tube Bearing Cup

131-481 Cup O-ring

131-482 Torque Tube Sleeve

131-485 12x18x4 Bearing

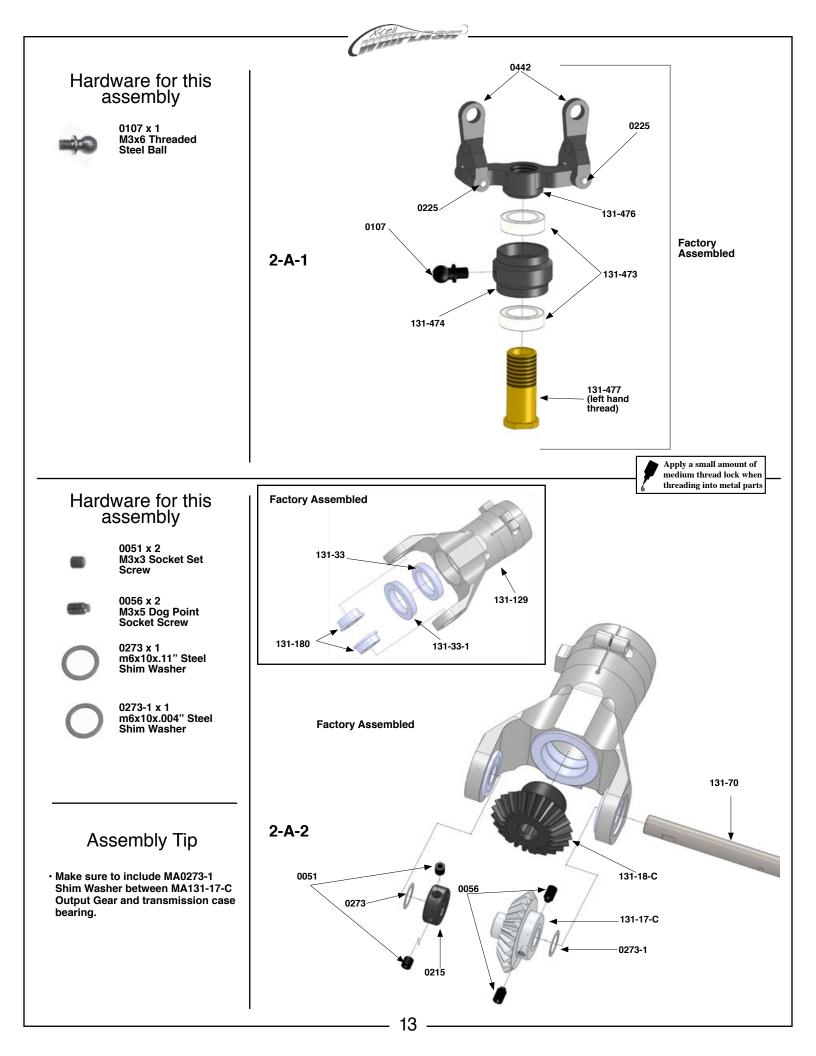
133-60 CF Vertical Tail Fin

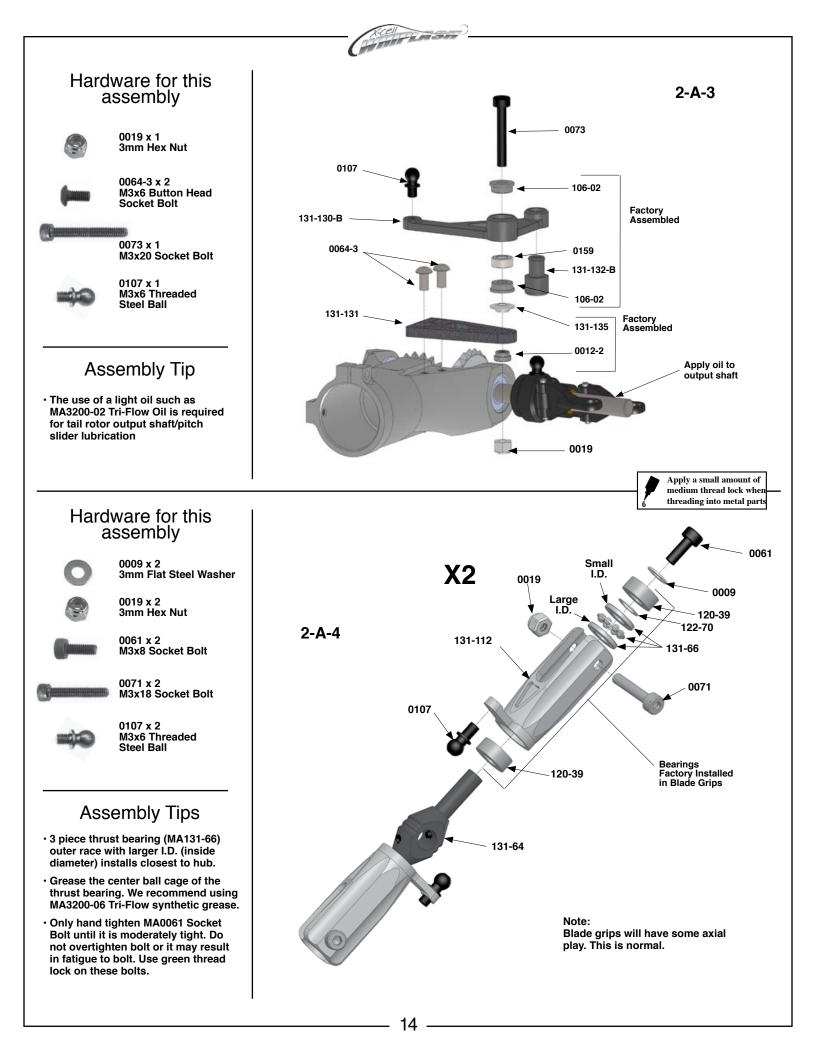
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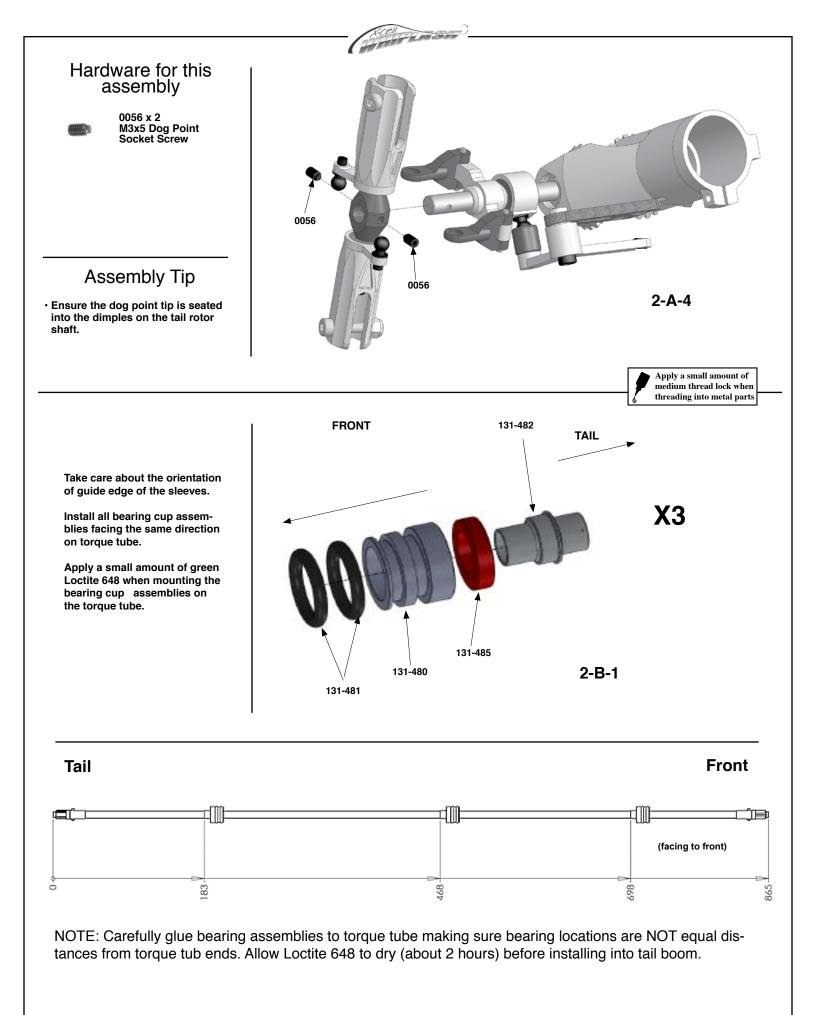
133-458 Torque Tube

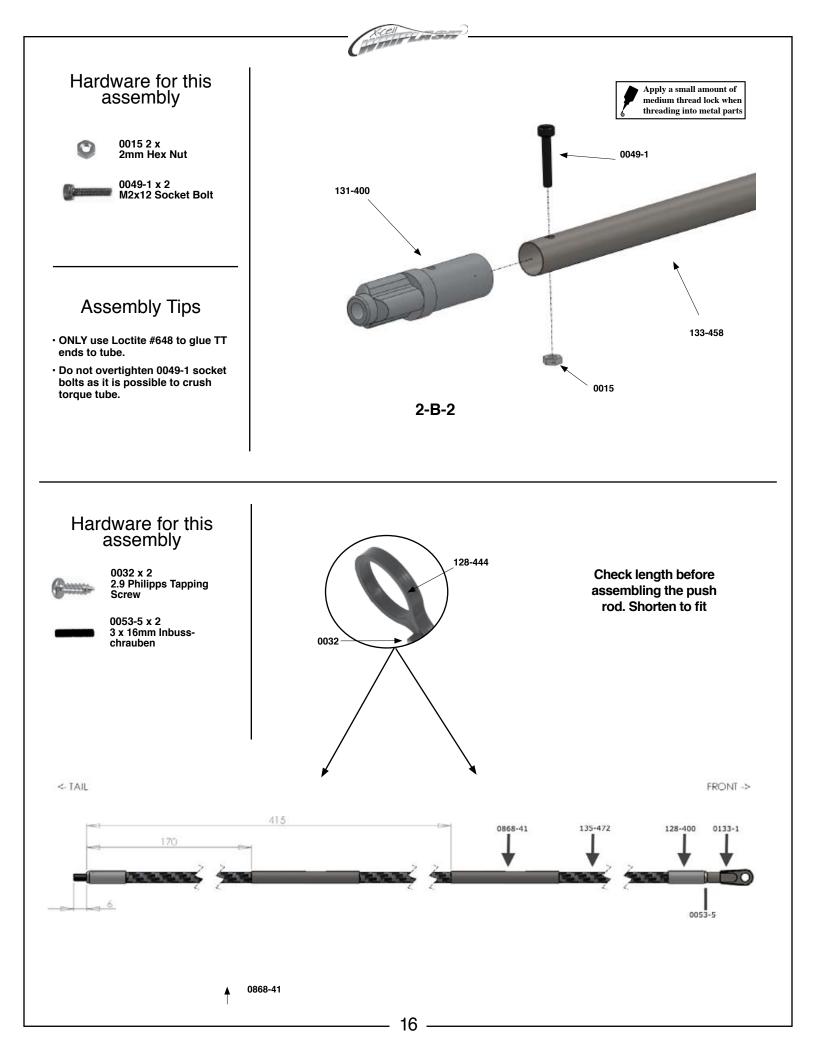
135-128 Clamp Plate

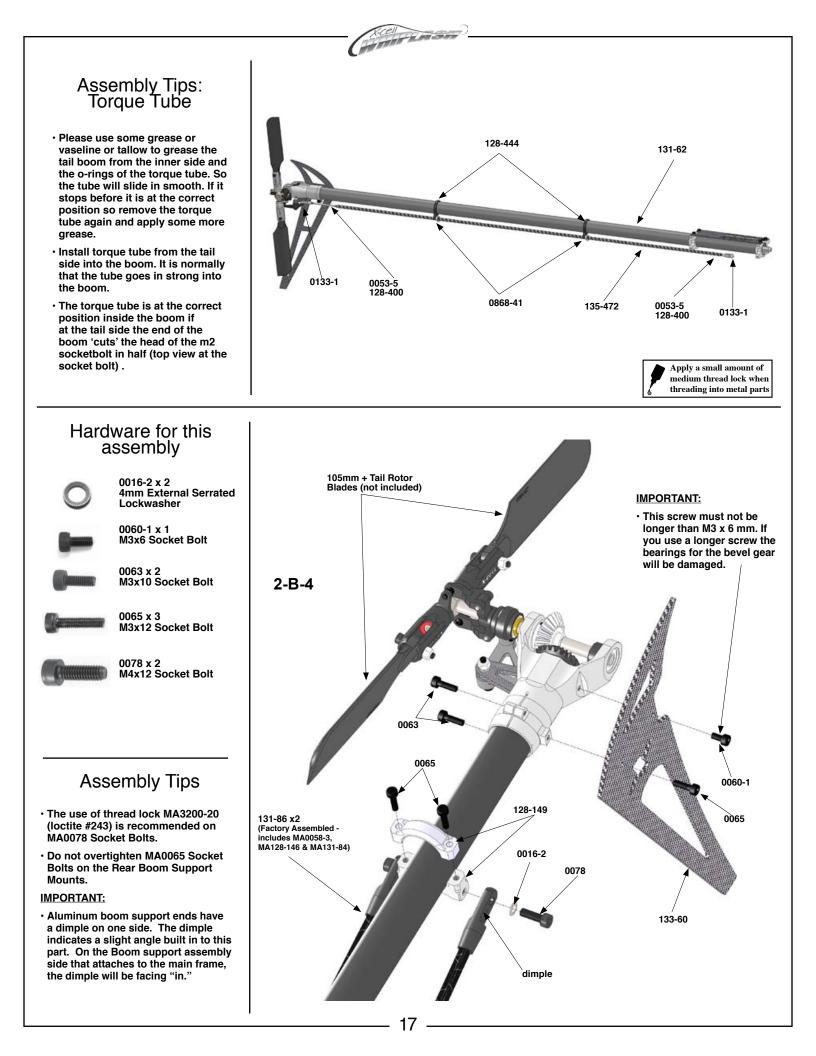
135-472 Carbon Fiber Boom Tail CF Linkage Rod



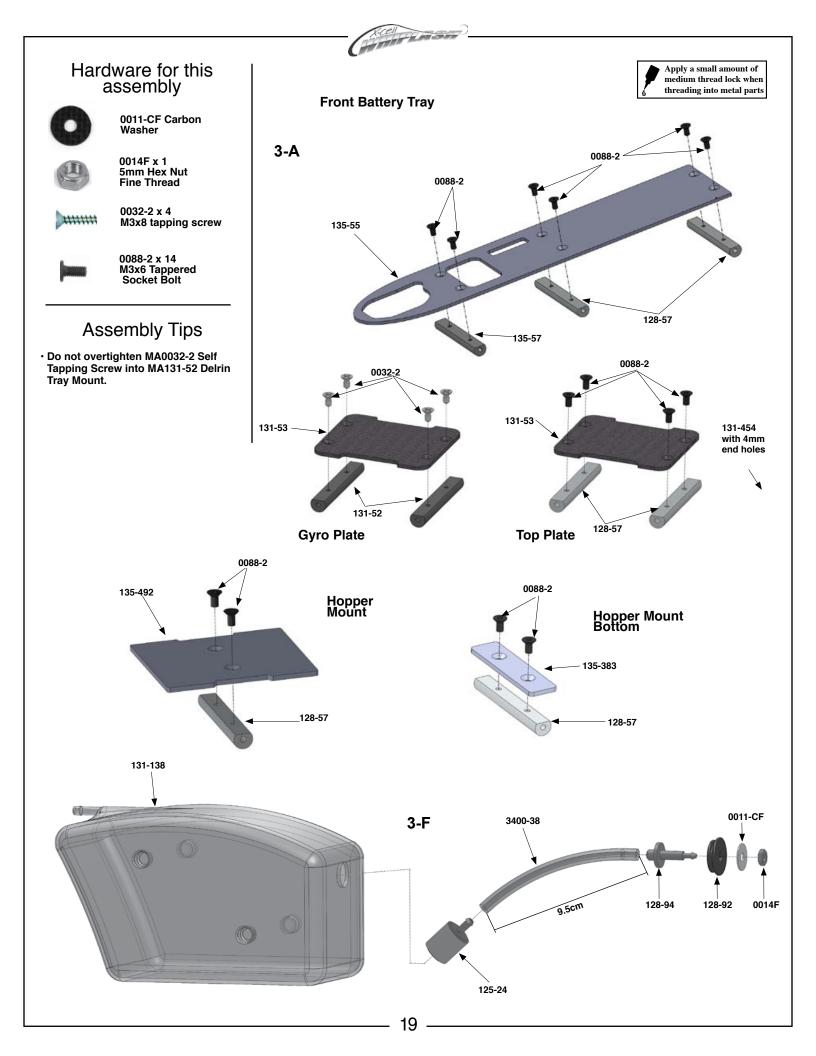


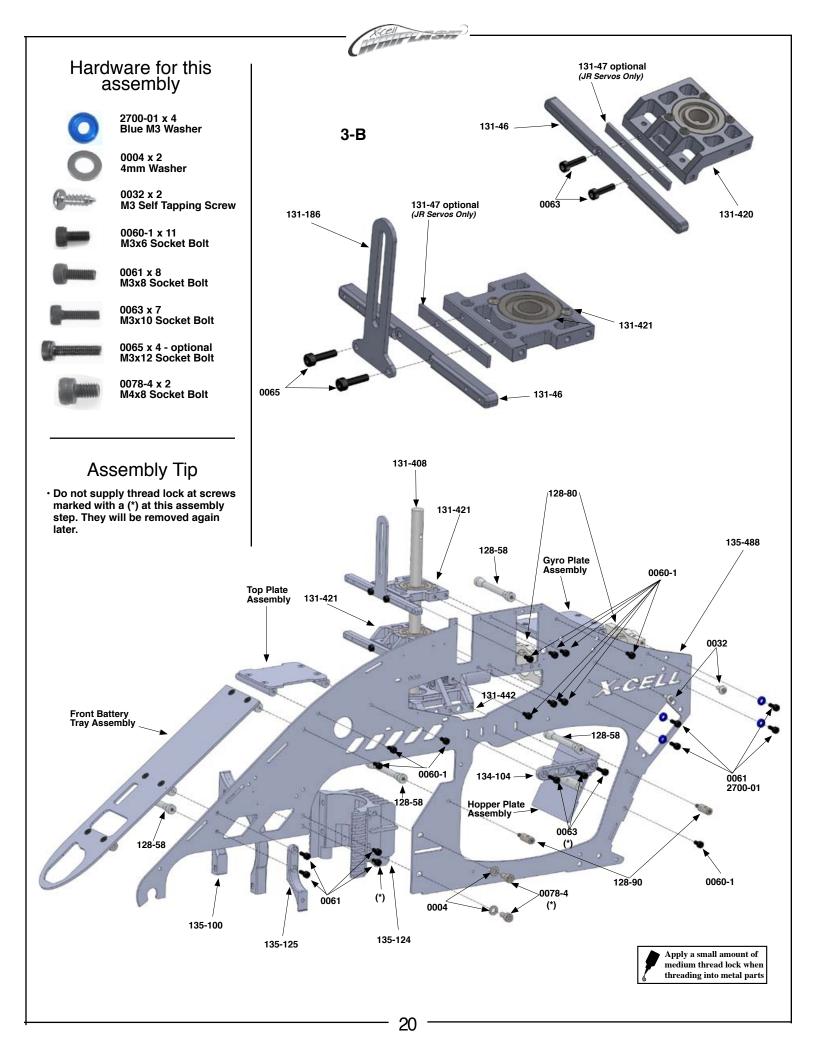


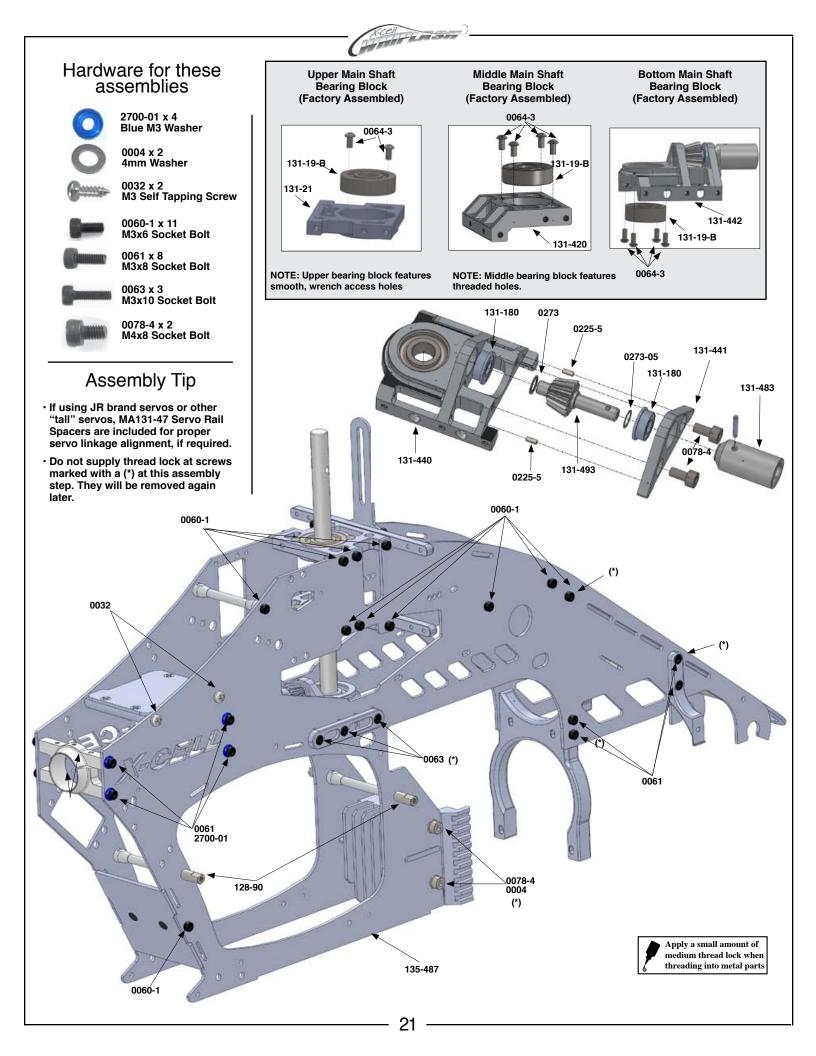


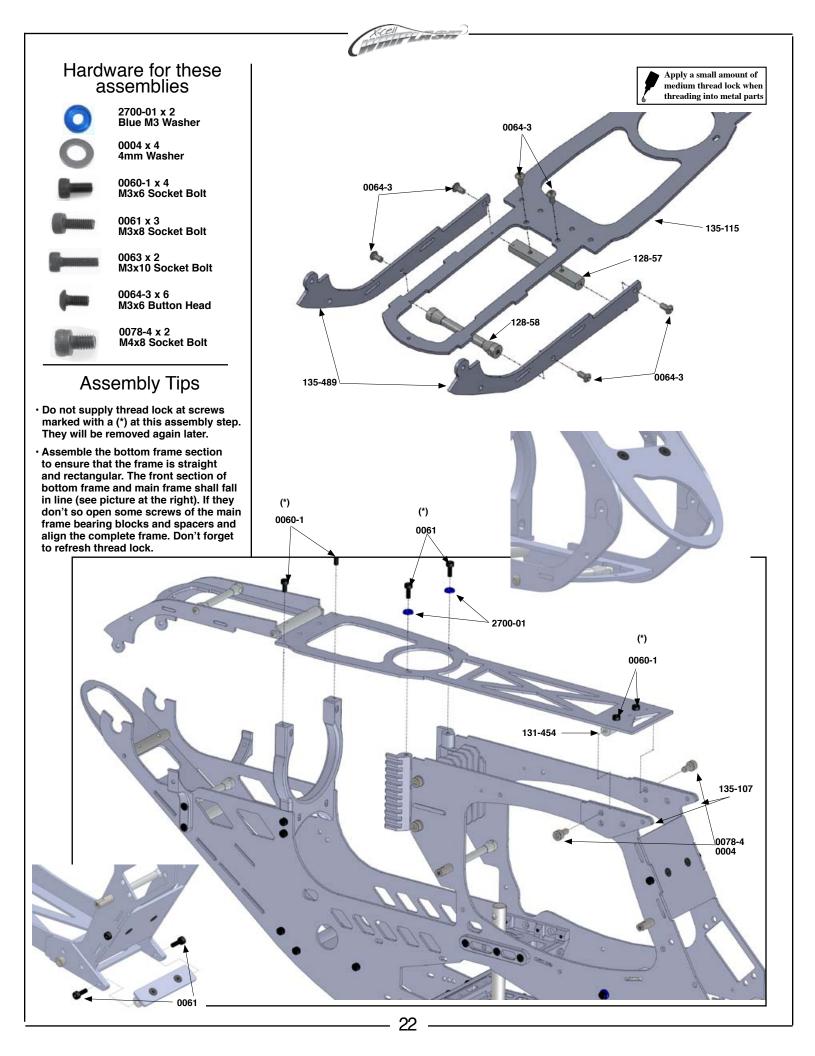


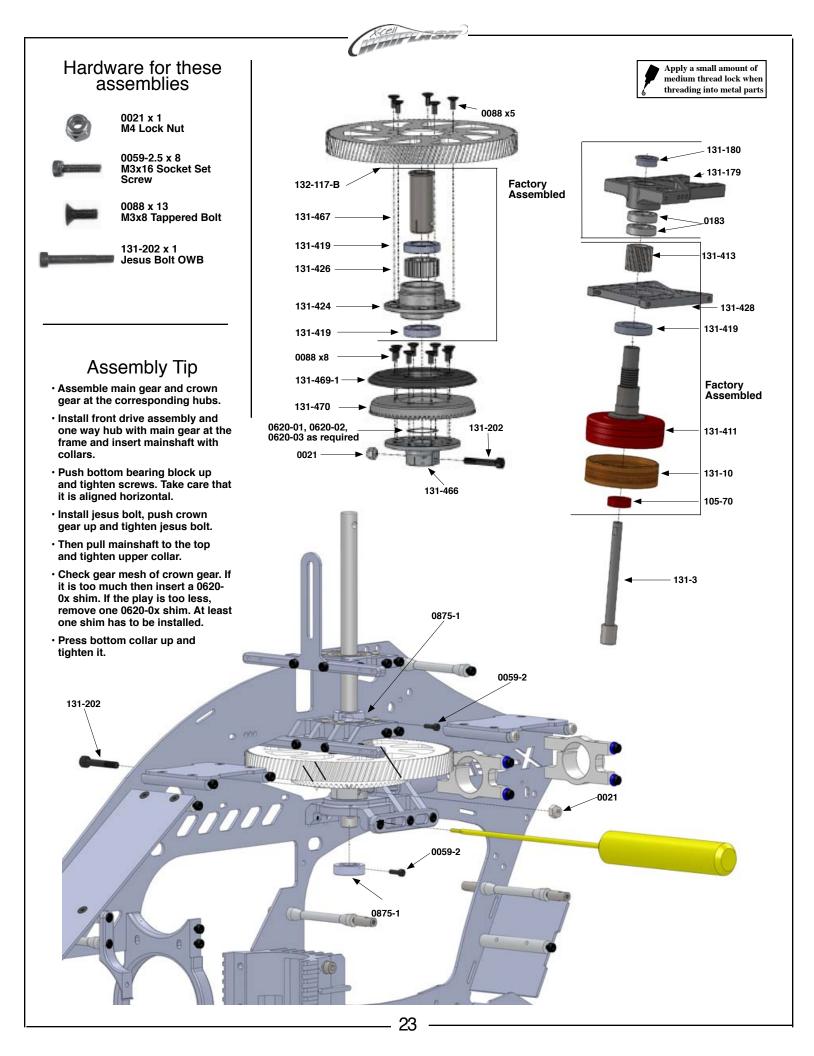


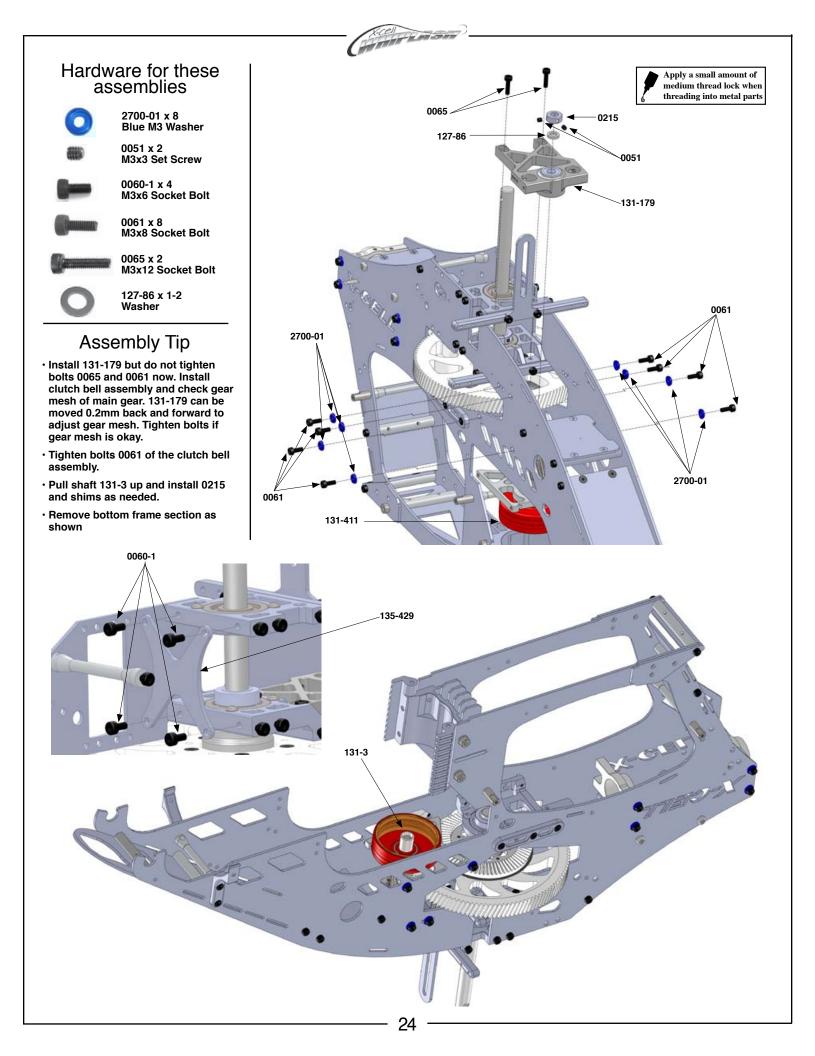










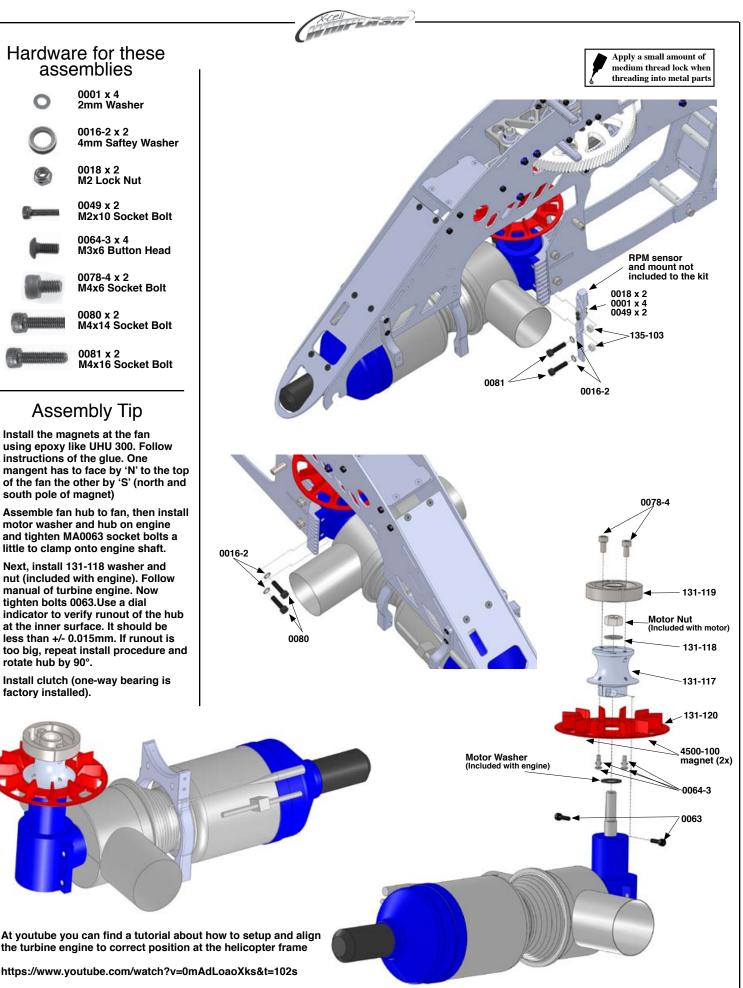


Hardware for these assemblies

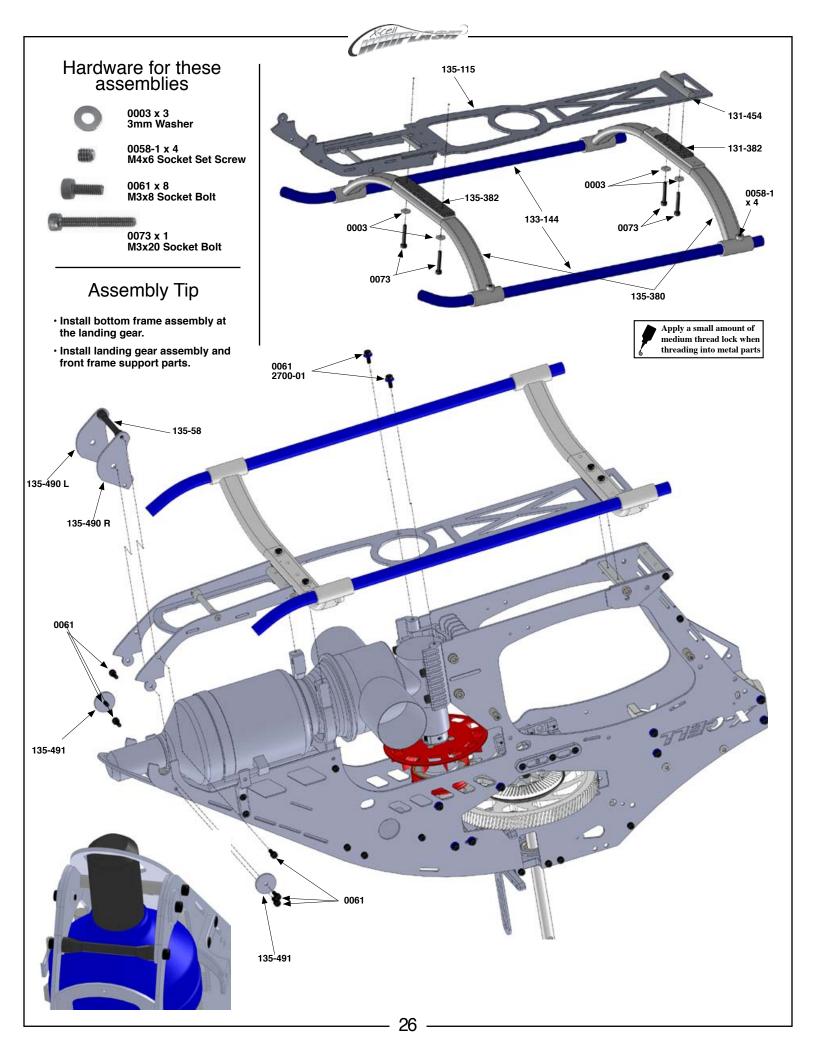


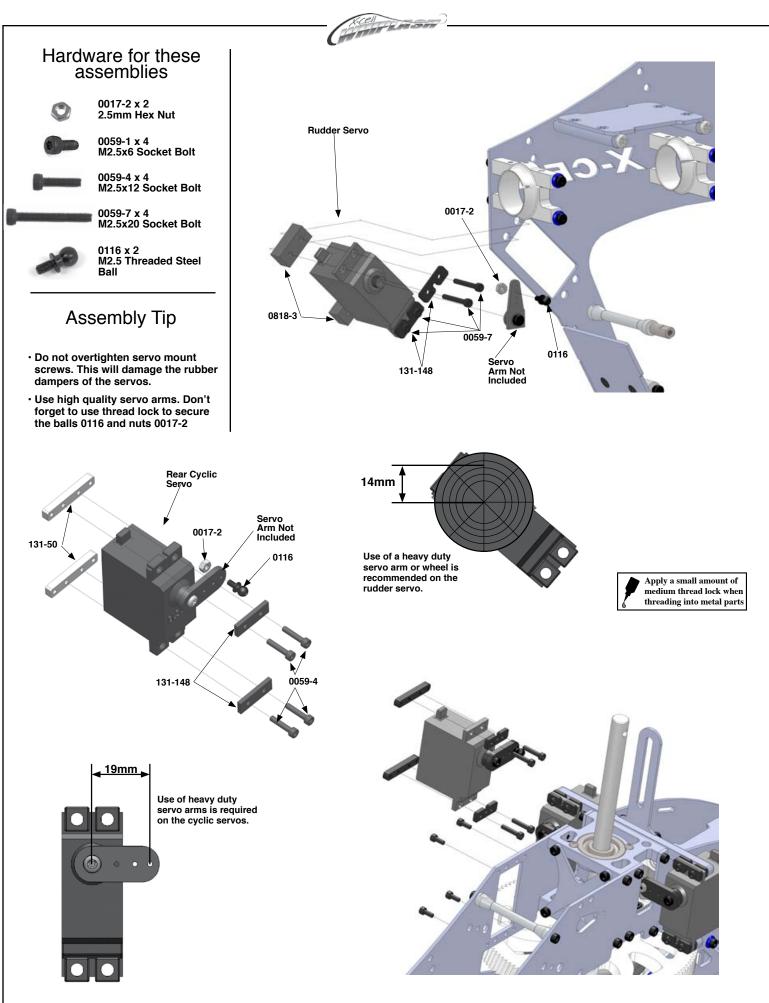
Assembly Tip

- Install the magnets at the fan using epoxy like UHU 300. Follow instructions of the glue. One mangent has to face by 'N' to the top of the fan the other by 'S' (north and south pole of magnet)
- Assemble fan hub to fan, then install motor washer and hub on engine and tighten MA0063 socket bolts a little to clamp onto engine shaft.
- Next, install 131-118 washer and nut (included with engine). Follow manual of turbine engine. Now tighten bolts 0063.Use a dial indicator to verify runout of the hub at the inner surface. It should be less than +/- 0.015mm. If runout is too big, repeat install procedure and rotate hub by 90°.
- · Install clutch (one-way bearing is factory installed).

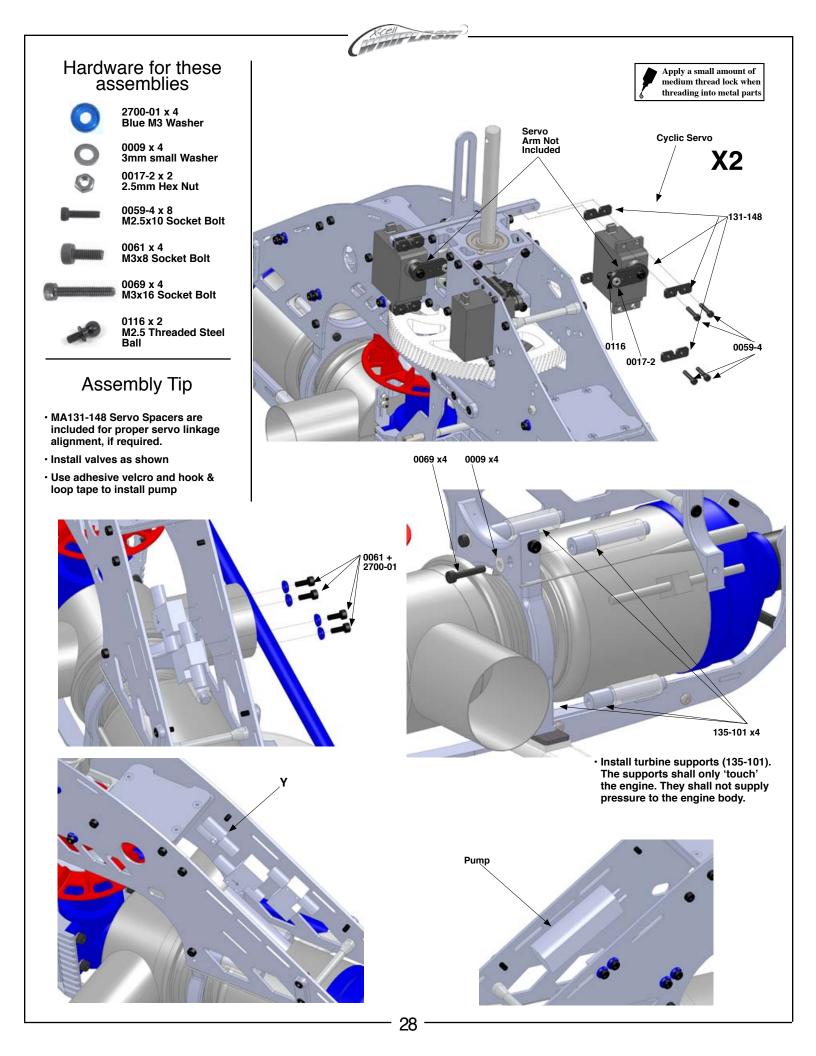


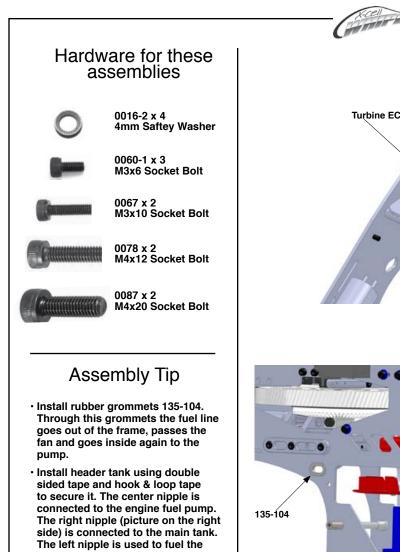
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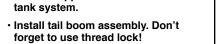




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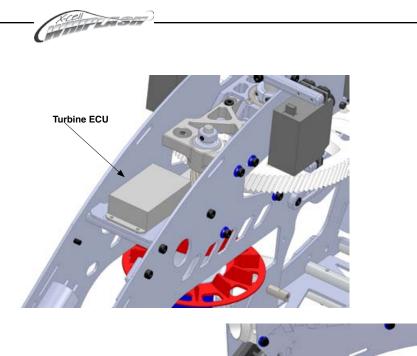


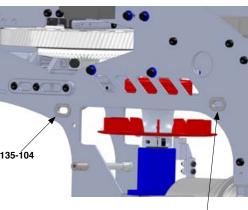


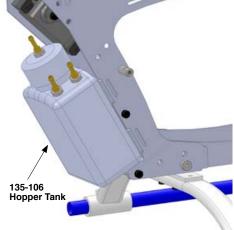


0067 x2

135-128



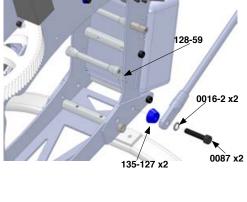


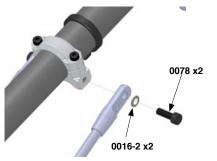


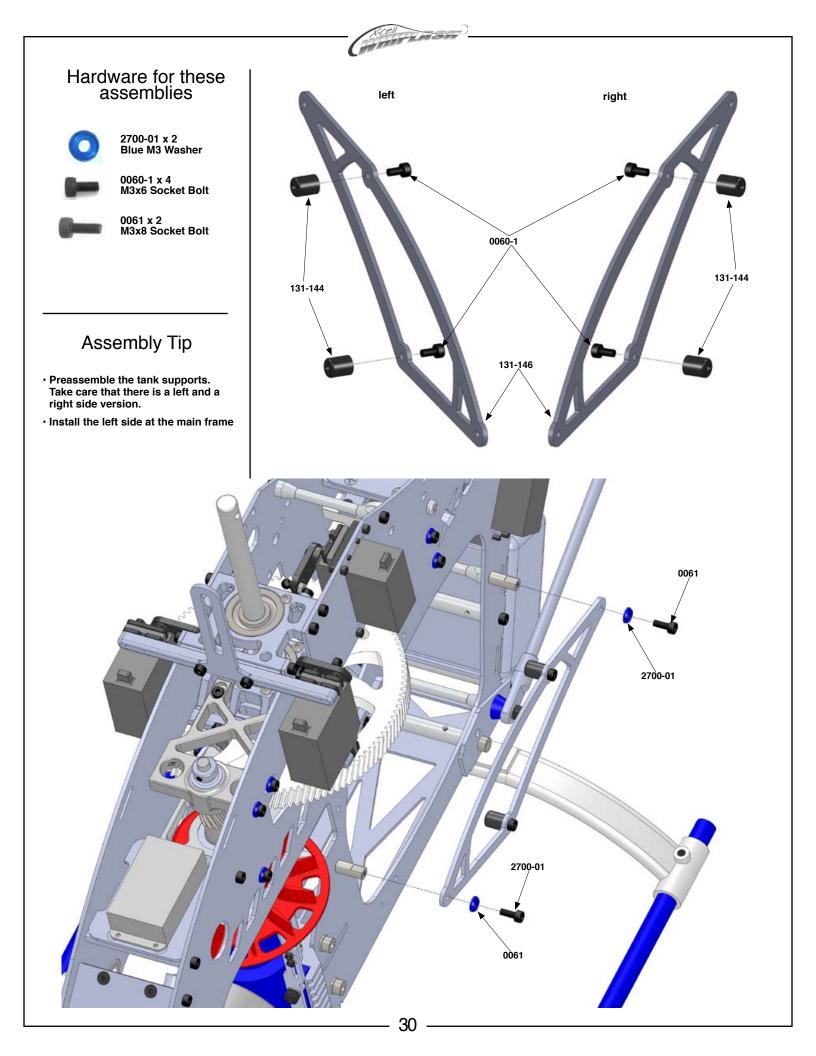
29

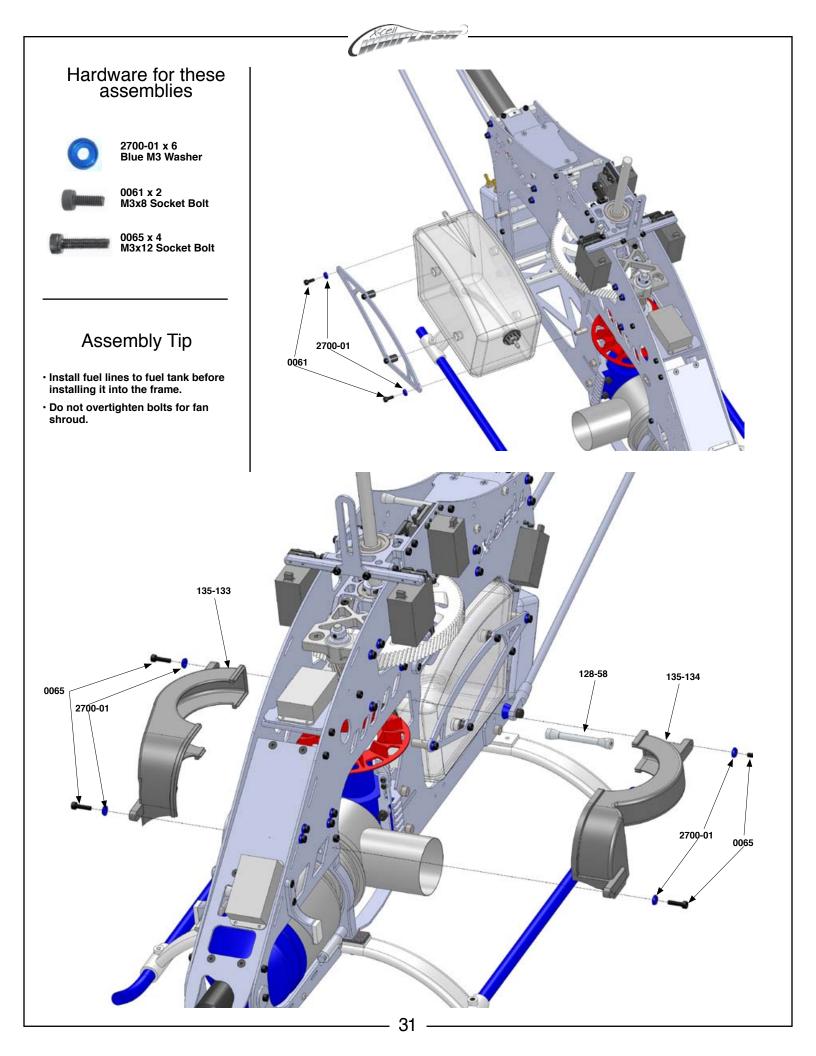
0060-1 x3

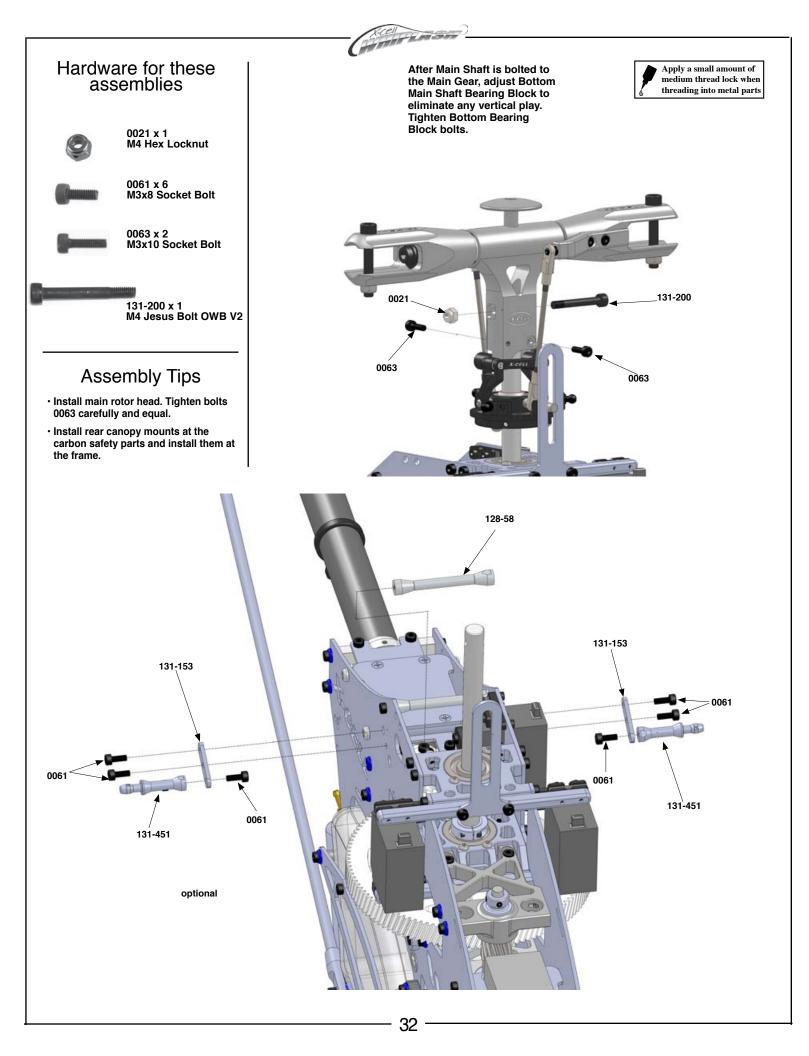
135-104

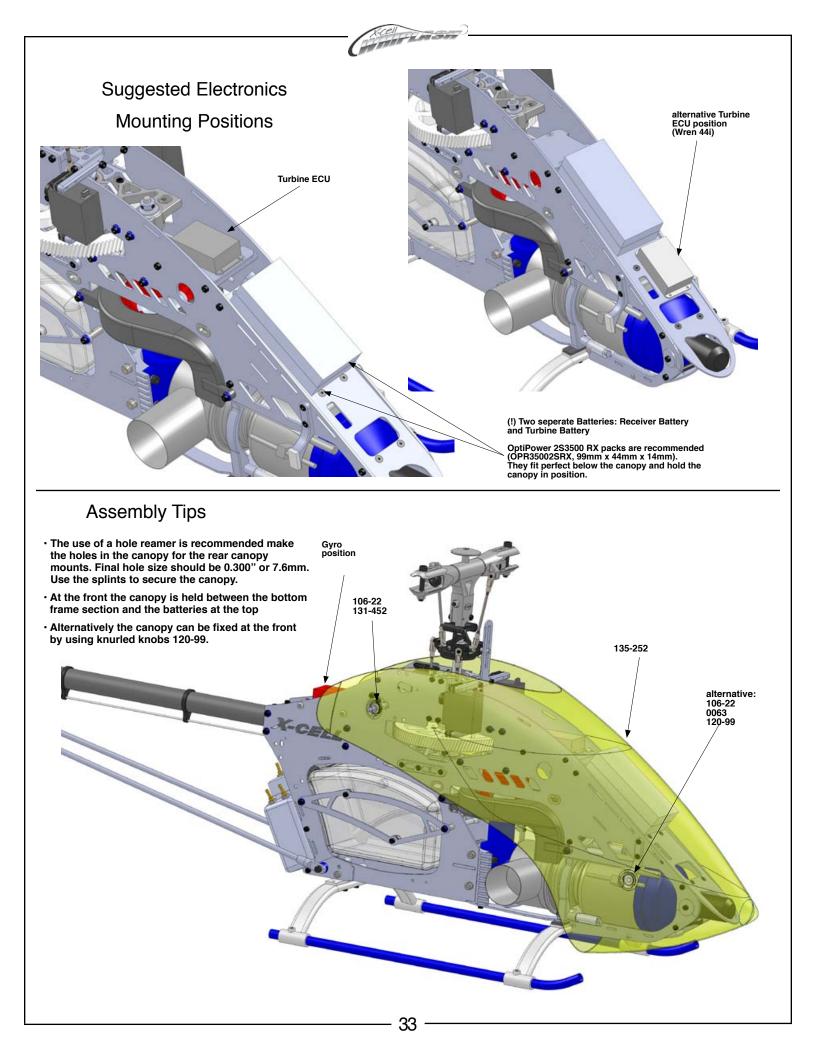














Basic Model/Radio set up

The X-Cell Whiplash is an eCCPM model. This means that the servos that are connected to the swashplate move together to achieve the function requested from the transmitter input. The transmitter mixes the channels required to achieve the correct movement of the swashplate. The X-Cell Whiplash uses a very simple "direct" servo to swashplate system that decreases the overall parts count and complexity of the model.

The very first thing to do, is center the swashplate servos. Simply align the servo horns so they are 90 degrees to the servo, and the linkage is 90 degrees to the servo horn. Ideally, you rotate the servo horn until the servo is centered, eliminating the the need for using sub-trim.

For the pitch, aileron, and elevator servos:

In your radio

- ATV (servo endpoints) should be at 100%.
- · Set all trims and sub-trims to center or zero.
- Set an initial linear pitch curve as a straight line (sample points: 0%, 25%, 50%, 75%, and 100%).
- Make sure there is no mixing enabled for cyclic channels at this point.
- Center the collective stick and make sure all the cyclic channels are centered.

On your model

- Mount each ball into a cyclic servo arm hole approximately 19-20mm from the center of each arm.
- Slide the servo horns for each channel onto each servo exactly in the middle of its travel.
- Failing to get them set at center will create interaction in your swash plate travel.
- If possible, center the horns on the servos without using any sub trim. As a last resort, use the sub trim function to precisely center each servo.
- Make sure you install hex nuts on the ball retainer bolts using thread locking compound.
- Make sure you install servo arm retainer screws.

For the rudder servo:

In your radio

- Make sure the gyro is in non-heading hold mode. Refer to your gyro manufacturer as to how to enable this.
- Rudder servo endpoints (ATV) should be at 100%.
- Make sure there is no mixing enabled for rudder channel at this point (some radios mix throttle to rudder by default).

On your model

- The ball should go into a hole approx 13-15mm from the center of the servo wheel.
- With your rudder stick centered, rotate the servo wheel until you find a spot that aligns properly and then slide the servo wheel onto the servo exactly in the middle of its travel. Do not use any sub-trim.
- Now make sure that the T/R bell crank is aligned. The 90 degree pitch slider on the tail case should be in the center of its travel. Adjust the links as necessary to ensure this is correct.
- Make sure you install hex nuts on the ball retainer bolts using thread lock.
- Make sure you install servo arm retainer screws.
- Set up the gyro according to the manufacturers specification in the manual included with the gyro.

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Now that you've built your new Whiplash helicopter, you have to make the servos work together. The Whiplash is an eCCPM model, and requires a specific radio program for the servos that control the swashplate. eCCPM is a mix that is already programmed in your transmitter, you just have to fine tune it to your Whiplash and here's how:

The very first thing you need to do is tell your radio that a 120 degree eCCPM mix must be used. All modern transmitters should have 120 degree eCCPM built programmed from the factory. Consult the manual that came with your radio! Before you turn on your Transmitter and power up your servos, you need to make sure they are centered. With your transmitter and receiver powered on, put collective stick in the exact center with all three swashplate servo horns removed. Then put the horns on so they are 90 degrees to the linkage. This centers the servo horn on the servo and assures that there will be equal travel on either side of the servo's center point. If you find that you cannot get the servo horn exactly at center, you have two choices. You can flip the horn 180 degrees, sometimes the splines will line up perfect, this is the preferred method. You can also use a bit of "sub-trim" to center the servo. You really want to avoid using subtrim because it makes leveling the swashplate a little more involved.

Now you need to make sure that your servos are all working together. What we mean is the three collective servos need to be plugged into the appropriate channels, i.e. the elevator (which is the servo that controls the center ball on the swash) needs to be plugged in to channel 3, the aileron and pitch servo (the ones that control the sides of the swashplate) need to be plugged into channels 2 and 6 (it doesn't matter which channel just either servo, into either 2 or 6 on the RX).

The channel assignments for ail, elev, rudder, throttle and pitch may vary depending upon the brand and model of your radio. Consult the transmitter manual or use the TX servo monitor (if it has one) to ensure that the correct servo is receiving its signal from the correct channel. Note: the position of the pitch and aileron servos in relationship to the elevator as indicated in your radios setup manual are important. Make sure you connect them exactly as the radio manual shows when the swashplate is viewed from above.

Then, using the servo reverse screen, you need to make sure that the servos are doing the proper function. All the servos need to move up (or down) when the collective stick is moved up or down (it doesn't matter if the collective is reversed, we'll fix that later). If it doesn't, you need to (one at a time) reverse the channels on the servo reverse screen until all the servos move in the same direction when the collective stick is moved.

Now the aileron and elevator functions need to be sorted out. When you move the right stick right and left, the swashplate should tilt to the right and left (it doesn't matter if it moves right when you push the stick left, we'll fix that later). Also, when you move the right stick forwards and aft, the elevator should tilt forward or back (at this point it doesn't matter if the function is reversed, proper direction will be addressed in the next step).

Now that the SERVOS are all moving in together, we need to be sure that the SWASHPLATE is moving correctly for a given command. Pull up the Swash Mix screen. Futaba calls it "Swash AFR" There should be 3 functions and they'll look like this:

Aileron: 60% Elevator: 60% Pitch: 60%

So, if the the swashplate tilts left when you move the cyclic (right) stick TO the right, make the value of 60% for Aileron NEGATIVE or -60%, and likewise for the elevator. If the swash tilts forward when you pull the cyclic stick BACK, make the value of 60% NEGATIVE or -60% to correct it.

The swashplate should move up and down with the collective stick, and if you RAISE the collective stick, the blades should show POSITIVE PITCH. And if you LOWER the collective stick, the blades should show NEGATIVE pitch. IF that function is reversed, again, make the value of 60%, NEGATIVE 60% or -60%.

To ensure that your Whiplash is set up as precise as possible, it is very important that you follow the pitch curve set up guide and properly level the swashplate. There are several different tools for determining if your swashplate is level. We recommend the MA3000-10 Swashplate Leveling Tool.

Place the swashplate leveler on the swashplate and ensure that it is level. The collective stick should be at the center with zero degrees pitch on the blades. At this same time as described in the pitch curve set up guide, the swashplate should then be in the center of its travel, and the midpoint of the pitch curve should read 50%. If the swashplate is not level, you can use subtrim to level it, but the preferred method would be adjusting the linkages that connect the swashplate to the servos! If you find that you have to use more than a couple of clicks of subtrim on any channel, you should put it back to zero, and adjust mechanically by adjusting the linkages to the swashplate. After the swashplate is perfectly level at center stick, you need to level it at the extreme pitch range, i.e. full positive pitch and full negative pitch.

Place the Collective stick at full positive stick with the swash leveling tool attached. If the swashplate is not level, you will use the End Point screen or Travel Adjust screen. For instance, if the swashplate tilts slightly to the right at full positive pitch, then you will need to increase the travel for the servo that controls that swashplate ball. Now put the collective stick at full negative and repeat the same procedure with the end points. You do have to be careful that you don't create any binding at the extremes of the swashplate's travel.

Pitch Curve Set Up:

It is important that you build your model exactly the way we describe in this manual. Make sure all your linkage rods are exactly the length determined in the manual included with your helicopter kit.

First, go to the pitch curve menu in your radio for Idle up 1, or Stunt mode 1. You'll see numbers, a graph, or both. There will generally be 5 points you can adjust. You'll have to imagine the points (1,2,3,4,5) as representing points on the collective stick, where point 1 represents full bottom stick, and 5 represents full top stick. Obviously that makes point 3 center stick and that's where we start.

Ensure that point 3 on the pitch curve (center stick) to equal 50% of the swashplate's up and down travel, meaning the in the middle of it's available travel. So, turn on your transmitter, and receiver, flip the flight mode switch to idle-up 1 or Stunt mode, and scroll to the pitch curve menu. Now place the left stick in the center.

Use a pitch gauge to ensure that there is 0 degrees pitch on both rotor blades and that the mixing arms, and washout arms are perpendicular to the mainshaft. If any of this is untrue, you'll need to make it so, by adjusting slightly the length of the pushrods.

Now that you've got 0 degrees at center stick, and point 3 on the pitch curve has a value of 50% (don't deviate here!) We can adjust the pitch at full top and bottom collective stick positions. Generally we want to have the same amount of pitch on the bottom stick position as we do on the top stick position in idle up or stunt mode. That means positive 10 degrees on top stick, and negative 10 degrees on bottom stick (some pilots are now using more pitch 12, 13 or even 14 degrees, but most people find 10 degrees to be an acceptable initial setting to learn 3D flying).

With the transmitter still in idle up, or stunt mode place the collective stick at the top of it's travel, and take a reading of the pitch gauge and remember that number. It should be a positive pitch value and 10 degrees is a good place to start. Now place the collective stick at the full bottom of it's travel. It should be a negative pitch value and again -10 degrees is a good place to start. If the value is not close to 10 degrees then making it so is a simple adjustment of the swash mix function in your transmitter. In this menu, "swash mix" or "swash AFR", there are three options. Elevator, Aileron, and Pitch. Adjusting the pitch value, adjusts the total up and down travel of the swashplate. Making the number higher gives you a greater pitch range, and making the number lower gives you a smaller pitch range.

If you find that at full top stick, you get a negative pitch value, and at bottom stick you get a positive pitch value, you would go back to that "swash mix" menu, and make the value the opposite, Meaning if it was 60%, make the number -60%. That will change the direction of the swash travel.

Now, You'll notice that your pitch "curve" isn't really a curve at all, it's a straight line. You can adjust this if you wish by changing points 2 and 4. Right now, point 2 is 25%, and point 4 is 75%. You can change those values and it will affect how "jumpy" or responsive the collective is. Usually leaving it a straight line is best until you really get the "feel" for 3D flying.

If you're a beginner chances are you'll want to fly your model around in "normal" mode. Normal mode means that at full bottom stick the engine is at idle and the blades are not turning. You also don't have any need for there to be negative 10 degrees of pitch, usually more like -4 degrees is best.

This can easily be achieved by raising points 1 and 2. Scroll in the transmitter menu to pitch curve for normal mode, and increase point 1 from 0% to about 35%, and then you can usually inhibit point 2, so it makes a straight line from point 1 to point 3, which should still be 50%.

The Pitch Curve for throttle should usually look real similar to stunt mode. Throttle hold is generally used for performing autorotations.

Throttle Curve Set Up:

The TS 45i Whiplash edidtion turbine engine can be controlled by a throttle curve for sport flying. But it is higly recommended to use a high performance, adaptive governor like the Futaba GY701 or CGY 760 to stabilize the head speed.

Typical head speed for hovering is 1650 rpm, for sport flying it is 1800 rpm, for 3D flying and fast maneuvers 2050 rpm head speed is recommende.

In all flying conditions and all situations the maximum headspeed **must never exceed 2,200 rpm**. Otherwise the turbine engine will overspeed and will result in a defect of the engine.

Follow the manual of the turbine engine to setup the radio and turbine ECU for correct operation.

Always (!) setup the failsafe function of your radio system to 'engine off' in case of a failsafe condition. Never operate the turbine engine without having setup this correctly.

Follow the instructions of the governor manual to setup the function correctly. In case of any questions please contact Miniature Aircraft.

Flybarless Stabilization Electronics:

If you have chosen a Flybarless model, it is possible to fly your model without additional stabilization electronics, but Miniature Aircraft highly recommends using Flybarless Stabilization Electronics. There are several that are commercially available, and while they all generally accomplish the same thing, they all are set up and programmed differently. Contact your favorite R/C helicopter retailer and/or talk to your friends to decide which one will be the best for you.

Take care to only using Flybareless Systems which are capable to handle the supersonics emitted by the turbine engine. Otherwise the FBL system will fail and this will result in the loose of control of the helicopter.



Whiplash Kit Parts & Hardware

0003	M3 Washer
0004	M4 Washer
0009	M3 Washer Small
0011-5	M5.3x20 Washer
0012-1	2.5mm Pem Nut
0012-2	3mm Pem Nut
0014F	5mn Hex Nut - Fine Thread
0016-2	M4 External Serrated Lock Washer
	M2.5 Hex Nut
0017-2	
0019	M3 Lock Nut
0021	M4 Lock Nut
0023	M5 Nut
0032	M3 Self Tapping Screw
0050-1	M2.5 Set Screw
	M3x3 Set Screw
0051	
0053-5	M3x16 Set Screw
0056	M3x5 Dog-Point Set Screw
0057	M4x4 Set Screw
0058-3	M4x16 Set Screw
0059-0	M2.5x4 Socket Bolt
0059-1	M2.5x6 Socket Bolt
0059-3	M2.5x10 Socket Bolt
0060-1	M3x6 Socket Bolt
0061	M3x8 Socket Bolt
0063	M3x10 Socket Bolt
	M3x6 Button Head Socket Bolt
0064-3	
0064-4	M3x16 Button Head Socket Bolt
0065	M3x12 Socket Bolt
0067	M3x14 Socket Bolt
0069	M3x16 Socket Bolt
0071	M3x18 Socket Bolt
0073	M3x20 Socket Bolt
0078	M4x12 Socket Bolt
0078-3	M4x6 Socket Bolt
0081	M4x16 Socket Bolt
0082-4	M5x32 Shouldered Socket Bolt
0086-1	M5x16 Flanged Socket Bolt
0088	M3x8 Tapered Socket Bolt
0088-3	M3x7 Tapered Socket Bolt
0107	M3x6 Threaded Steel Ball
0109	M3x8 Threaded Steel Ball
0116	M2.5 Threaded Steel Ball
0133	M2x21.2 Ball Link
0133-1	M3x21.2 Ball Link
0159	3x7x3 Bearing
0183	10x19x5 Bearing
0208	10x12 One-Way Torrington
0214	Upper Swash Ring
0214-1	Lower Swash Ring
0215	M6 Tail Shaft Collar
0216	Heim Ball
0217	Swash Plate Assembled
0218	20x32x7 Swash Bearing
0219	Washout Center Hub
0225	Link Pin
0225-5	Link Pin
0273	6x10x.011" Steel Washer
0273-05	6x10 Steel Washer
0283	6x10x3 Flanged Bearing
0319	8x16x5 Bearing
0390	Large Wire Lead Retainer
0442	T/R Pitch Link
0447-1	M2 E Clip
0597-1	M3x4.75x.126" Brass Spacer
0597-4	Brass Spacer
0620-01	.10 Washer
0620-02	.20 Washer
0620-03	.30 Washer
0869	Washout Link

a	isn r	Nit Parts & Harc
	05-70	6x15x5 Bearing
	106-02	3x7x3 Flanged Bearing
	106-06	2x5x1.5 Flanged Bearing 5x11 Grommet
	106-22 120-7	5x15 C/F Safety Washer
	20-25	Swash To Mixer Linkage Rod
	20-39	5x10x4 Ball Bearing
1	21-4	Servo To Swash Linkage Rod
	21-7	Swash To PA Linkage Rod
	22-47	10x22x6 Bearing
	22-48	22mm Circlip M5x.25 S/S Shim Washer
	22-70 22-94	M3x97 Threaded Control Rod
	25-24	Fuel Filtered Pick-up Magnet
	27-86	M6x9.7x1.0 Shim Washer
	28-57	Tray Mount
	28-58	Main Frame Spacer
	28-59	M4 Frame Spacer
	28-80 28-92	Front Boom Clamp Fuel Tank Plug
	28-92	Fuel Nipple
	28-118	6mm Hex Adaptor
1	28-144	T/R Control Rod Guide
1	28-146	Boom Support End
	28-149a	Upper Rear Boom Support Mount
	28-149b	Lower Rear Boom Support Mount
	28-176 28-195	Washout Pin Head Button
	28-195	Aluminum Bell Mixer
	28-314	Swashplate Follower Arm
	31-3	Start Shaft
	31-10	Clutch Liner
	131-17-B	Bevel Gear Shaft Side
	31-18-B	Tail Bevel Gear TT Side
	31-19 31-21	10x26x8 Main Shaft Bearing Upper Main Shaft Bearing Block
	31-23	6x13x5 Flanged Bearing - Tail Shaft
	31-33	15x21x4 Bearing - Tail Gear
	31-40	Bottom Main Shaft Bearing Block
	31-46	P/A Servo Rail
	31-47	C/F Servo Rail Spacer
	31-50 31-52	Elevator Servo Mount Delrin Tray Mount
	131-53	Gyro Plate
	31-54	M4 Tray Mount
	31-55	C/F Angled Battery Tray
	31-62	Tail Boom
	31-64	Tail Hub
	31-66 31-70	4x10 Thrust Bearings - Tail Grips Tail Output Shaft
	31-83	Anti Rotation Pin
	31-84	Boom Support Rod
	31-85	Carbon Pushrod Sleeve
	31-86	Assembled Boom Support
	31-112	T/R Blade Grip
	31-117	Fan Hub
	31-119 31-120	Clutch Engine Fan
	31-129	Tail Box
		Tail Pitch Control Bellcrank
1	31-131	C/F Tail Bellcrank Bracket
		Bellcrank Slider Cup
	31-133	Whiplash Fan Shroud - Left
	31-134 31-135	Whiplash Fan Shroud - Right Bracket Washer
	131-135	Strut
	31-138	Whiplash Fuel Tank
	31-144	Rubber Fuel Tank Mount
1	31-145	Fuel Tank Standoff

131-146 C/F Fuel Tank Plate 131-148 C/F Servo Plates 131-153 C/F Breakaway Tab 131-161 Main Blade Grip 131-163 FBL Pitch Arm Whiplash X-Block 131-179 131-180 6x13x5 Flanged Bearing 9x17x5 Radial Bearing 131-181 131-182 9x17x5 Thrust Bearing (F9-17) 131-183 9x14x.030 Washer 9x14x.080 C/F Damper Washer 131-184 131-186 Anti Rotation Bracket 131-187 Head Axle 131-200 M4x33 Shouldered Socket Bolt 131-202 M4 Jesus Bolt OWB V2 131-368 FBL Head Block 131-400 Torque Tube End 131-408 FBL Main Shaft Middle Main Shaft Bearing Block 131-420 131-424 Main Gear Hub 131-440 Bearing Block Mount A 131-441 Bearing Block Mount B 131-442 Bearing Block Rear Canopy Post 131-451 131-452 Splint 131-473 7x11x3 Bearing - Control Ring Control Ring 131-474 T/R Pitch Slider Assembly 131-475 Tail Pitch Yoke 131-476 Brass Slider 131-477 **Delrin TT Bearing Cup** 131-480 131-481 TT Bearing Cup O Ring 131-482 Sleeve 131-483 Tail Drive Hub 131-485 12x18x4 Ball Bearing 131-490 Damper Sleeve 131-491 Damper 80D O-ring 132-117-B Main Gear 117T 133-60 C/F Tail Fin 133-144 Skid Tube 133-458 **Torque Tube** 135-29 C/F X-Brace 135-55 Front Battery Tray 135-57 Spacer Frame Spacer 135-58 135-100 Eninge Mount 135-101 Engine Support 135-103 Spacer 135-104 Rubber Grommet Hopper Tank 135-106 135-107 C/F Frame Doubler 135-115 C/F Bottom Plate 135-124 **Turbine Mount** 135-127 Boom Support Spacer C/F Boom Clamp Plate 135-128 135-133 Fan Shroud R Fan Shroud L 135-134 135-252 Whiplash Canopy 135-380 White Struts 135-411 Clutch Bell 3000-73 Towel 3200-30 Spiral Band For Wire And Cable 3/4" Hook & Loop Tape 3200-48 3/4"Adhesive Hook & Loop 3200-54 3400-38 Fuel Line 3700-160 Foam Blade Guard 4500-100 Magnet



The warranty covers defects in material, workmanship, or missing components to the original purchaser for 30 days from the date of purchase. Miniature Aircraft will replace or repair, at our discretion, the defective or missing component. Defective components MUST BE returned to us prior to replacement.

Any part which has been improperly installed, abused, crashed, or altered by unauthorized agencies, is not covered. Under no circumstances will the buyer be entitled to consequential or incidental damages. The components used in this kit are made from special materials designed for special applications and design strengths. We recommend that all replacement parts be original parts manufactured by Miniature Aircraft to ensure proper and safe operation of your model. Any part used which was manufactured by any firm other than Miniature Aircraft VOIDS all warranties of this product by Miniature Aircraft.

For updates to this manual, or any other Miniature Aircraft manual, go to www.miniatureaircraft.de

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